

The Hidden Regions

Astrometry in the Near Infrared

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egions ar Infrared

What to do first?

- Photometric filter bands need to be studied dispersion or filter photometry or both?
- An RV spectrograph which wavebands in NIR the need for high resolution spectra?
- Periods of slow scanning law need to be studied for spectra only!
- Crowding in GC needs to be studied limiting depth as function of sky position!
- Onboard processing to reduce data rate!
- Larger primary mirrors collect more photons!
- Combining GaiaNIR with other missions needs to be studied!
- A GaiaNIR Consortium
- Other ideas?

- Science focus but who will do this work?

The results will be used for a proposal in ~3 years

Photometric filter bands

- We require one broad filter for all wavelengths to act as a SM
- The other filter bands can be changed
- Broad bands enhance the astrometry!
- Superimpose filters or use dispersion prisms or both
- Science cases for spectra-photometry?
- People are needed to define a good set of filter bands for astrometry and photometry oriving needed. Oriving needed.

λmin = 800 nm - λmax 2500 nm λmax 2500 2100 1700 1200 nm Dispersion Photometer λ? Colour Field RV Spectrograpl NIR Astrometric Field 100 80 20 Transmission 40 20 1.5 2 2.5 λ [μ m]

GaiaNIR Focal Plane



Can we get billions of RV's?

- The RV spectrograph was avoided to fit in an M-class mission but now we are L-class
- RV would give an outstanding extra science return potentially for billions of objects
- We need RVS experts to consider what we could do from 800-2500nm
- How useful are high resolution spectra in NIR?
- Which spectral line can be used in NIR for RV?
- What studies are needed?
- How deep can we go?
- How much would it increase the costs?
- How much would it increase the telemetry data rate?



Crowding in Galactic centre

- To estimate number counts we can use Galaxy models with N-body sampling to give approximate numbers
- These can be used to estimate telemetry needs
- Also used for EoM accuracy estimates
- We can assess how deep we can go
- Depth of survey may need to be reduced in GC

Use Besançon model or Galaxía models? How input ions!







Onboard processing

- Gaia has 2 billion sources but the new mission will have at least 12 billion
- Antenna with higher data rates are being developed
- We have to do as much processing onboard as possible to reduce telemetry
- RVs and spectral photometry would add lots of extra telemetry also
- le to reduce telemetry telemetry also

what needs to what needs?

Combining with other missions



An earlier launch will decrease the PM accuracy



Second Epoch GaíaNIR 10yr (2050)

How do we get data from these missions? Early trials will be done with Gaia+new missions Joint solutions can be used - PhD students?

A GaiaNIR Consortium?

- It is probably too early to form a consortium
- A consortium similar to DPAC will be needed maybe NIRPAC?
- Countries should start to discuss this with their funding agencies to ensure long term support
- Should we do more processing in the community?
- What will ESA's role be it costs money?
- What works well in Gaia?
- What does not work well in Gaia?



Other ideas?

- Relativity Models?
- All groups should be considering science cases for GaiaNIR!
- Add more ideas here!
- Will set up web page to ask who will do what?

MAIN IDEAS TO RESOLVE SOON

- Need for blue stars- any science cases?
- Survey depth may need to vary?
- Photometry and RVS?

